

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name	: EVABOND K , PART A		
Manufacutrer / Supplier	: TOA-Chugoku Paints Co.,Ltd		
	110 Moo 5 Wellgrow I.E. Bangna-Trad Rd. Km.36,		
	Bangsamak, Bangpokong Chachoengsao, 24180		
	Telephone no. 66 02 2602701-8, 66 038 570498-9	Fax: 66 02 2602700, 66 038 570500	
In case of emergency	: Telephone no. 66 02 2602701-8 , 66 038 570501		
Material intended use	: Coating: Solvent (Refer to technical data sheet)		

2. HARZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendment.

Highly flammable.

Irritating to eyes. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.







Highly flammable

Tul Dangerous for the environment

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product contains the following hazardous ingredients				
Ingredient name CAS No. EINECS No. % by w.t Classification				
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	201-148-0	60	R10
				Xi; R41 , R37/38 , R67
toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	5	F; R11, R63, R48/20, R65, R38
				Repr.Cat. 3;R63
				Xn; R48/20, R65
				Xi; R38 , R67

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid measures	
General	In all cases of doubt, or when symtoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything
	by mouth to an unconscious person.
Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running clean fresh
	water for at least 15 minutes, keeping the eyelids open and seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin throughly with soap and water or use
	recognised skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular
	or if respiratory arrest occures, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
	Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Ingestion	If accidentally swallow obtain immediate medical attention and show the container or label.
	Keep patient warm and at rest. Do not induce vomitting.



5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media : Recommended : alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Do not use - water jet.

Recommendation : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health

hazard. Approprirate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to

fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Remove sauces of ignition and ventilation the area, avoid breathing vapour or mist.

Do not turn lights or unprotected electrical equipment on or off.

Spill : Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite.

Place in closed container outside building and disposal according to local regulation.

Preferably clean with a detergent. Do not use solvents.

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercauses.

If drain, lakes, river, or sewers are contimated, inform the appropriateauthorities in

accordance with local regulations.

Note: see section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

In use

Storage

Handling	: This coating contains solvents. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.
	vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Areas of storage, preparation and application
	should be ventilated to prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour
	in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
In storage	: Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.
	Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that

: Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists.

Observe label precaution. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled.

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

The product may charge electrostatically. Always use earthing leads when pouring solvents and transferring product. Operators should wear clothing which does not generate static and antistatic footwear; floor should be conductive type.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all case. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below

the exposure limits.

; Store in accordance with local regulation. Observe label precautions. Store in a cool, well ventilated area away from incompatible materials and sauce of heat and direct sunlight.

Keep away from; oxidising agent, strong alkalis, strong acids.



Storage Store on concrete or other impervious floor, preferably with bunding to contain any spillage.

Do not stack more than 3 pallets high.

Keep container tightly closed. Container that have been opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Prevent unauthorised access.

This is highly flammable liquid. Refer to the requirements of local regulations for the storage

and handling regulations petaining to this material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures : Provide adequate ventilation. Where resonably practicable, this should be achived by the use of

local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the occupational exposure limits (OEL)

suitable respirator must be worn.

Exposure Limits

Exposure standards are those provided by the ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygenists).

Occupational exposure limits

<u>Material</u>	STEL-15 min.ave	Long term-TWA-8hr
2-methylpropan-1-ol	231 mg/m ³	154 mg/m ³
toluene	384 mg/m ³	191 mg/m ³

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory Protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-respirator complying with an approved standard if a

risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

When concentrations exceed the exposure limits shown above, worker must wear appropriate

respirators. Provision of other control such as exhaust ventilation should be considered

if practical.

Eye Protection : Wear safety eyeware, e.g. safety spectacles, goggle or visors to protect against the splash of

liquids. Eyeware should comply with an approved standard.

Wear a full face shield if mixing or pouring operations pose a risk of splashes.

An eyewash station is suggested as a good work place practice.

Hands Protection : Gloves of an appropriate material should worn during mixing and application.

For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: gloves; nitrile.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied

once exposure has occurred.

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration,

seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Skin Protection : Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should worn. Skinshould not be exposed.

Barrier creams may help to protect areas which are difficult to cover such as face and neck. They should howerve not be applied once ecposure has occurred. Petroleum jelly based types

Such as vaseline should not be used. All part of the body should be washed after contact.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: () Solid (x) Liquid	Odour : Smell of solvent	Density: 0.91 g/cm ³
() Paste () Powder	Colour: Olive green	Flash point: 9.5 °C (Closed cup)
Solubility: Insoluble in water	Explosion limits: LEL% 1.3	UEL% 12.3
Vapour pressure : 4300 Pa, 20 °C	Autoignition temperature: 350	$^{\circ}\! C$

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 8). When exposed to high teemperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxide of nitrogen ans smkoe.

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strong acid materials in order to avoid possible exothermic reactions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There are no data available on the product itself.

Exposure to solvent vapour concentration from the component solvents in excess of the state occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous and membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, downsiness andin extream cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eye may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversibledamage.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Material name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Intoxication	Acute LC50 1439000 to	Daphnia-Water flea-	48 hours.

1933000 ug/L Fresh water Daphnia magna.

Mortality Actute LC50 133000 to Fish-Rainbow 96 hours.

152000 um/L Fresh water trout,donaldson-trout-

Oncorhynchus mykiss



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Do not allow into drain or watercourses. Material and/or container must e disposed of as hazardous water.

European waste catalogue

(EWC)

: 08 01 11 waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply.

If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assinged. For further information,

contact your local waste authority.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

International transport regulations

Proper shipping name UN number 1263 Class 3 Packing group

Label



Additional information

ADR/RID Hazard identification number:33

Special provision: 640D

IMDG Emergency schedules (EmS) : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

> Marine pollutant : No

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU regulation This product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with the Directive 1999/45/EC as follows:

Hazard symbol

Risk phrases





Highly flammable

Harmful Flammable the environment

R11 Highly flammable. R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritaing to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R63 Possible risk of harm to unborn child.

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R65 R67 Vapours mau cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Do not breathe vapour / spray Safety phrases S23

R10

S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Industrial use The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of

workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provision of the national health and

safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.



16. OTHER INFORMATION

CEPE Classification : 1

Full text of R-pharses : R10 Flammable

R10 Flammabl Highly flammable.

R11 Highly fla Harmful by inhalation.

R22 Harmful i Irritating to eyes.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritaing to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R63 Possible ri Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

R65 Harmful: Vapours mau cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R67 Vapours mau cause drowsiness and dizziness.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to EU Directive 91/155/EEC and its amendments.

The information on this safety data sheet is based upon the present state of our knowledge and on current law.

The product should not be used for purposes other than shown in the product data sheet without first obtaining written advice.

It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to meet the demands of applicable legislation.

The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is required according to legislation.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name	: EVABOND K , PART B (Additive)		
Manufacutrer / Supplier	: TOA-Chugoku Paints Co.,Ltd		
	110 Moo 5 Wellgrow I.E. Bangna-Trad Rd. Km.36,		
	Bangsamak, Bangpokong Chachoengsao, 24180		
	Telephone no. 66 02 2602701-8, 66 038 570498-9 Fax: 66 02 2602700, 66 038 570500		
In case of emergency	: Telephone no. 66 02 2602701-8 , 66 038 570501		
Material intended use	: Coating: Solvent (Refer to technical data sheet)		

2. HARZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendment.

Highly flammable.

Irritating to eyes. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.



Highly flammable Corrosive

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product contains the following hazardous ingredients				
Ingredient name	CAS No.	EINECS No.	% by w.t	Classification
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	201-148-0	60	R10
				Xi; R41, R37/38, R67
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	231-633-2	5	C; R34

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid measures		
General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symtoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything
		by mouth to an unconscious person.
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running clean fresh
		water for at least 15 minutes, keeping the eyelids open and seek medical attention.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin throughly with soap and water or use
		recognised skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular
		or if respiratory arrest occures, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
		Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Ingestion	:	If accidentally swallow obtain immediate medical attention and show the container or label.
		Keep patient warm and at rest. Do not induce vomitting.



5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media : Recommended : alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Do not use - water jet.

Recommendation : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health

hazard. Approprirate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to

fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Remove sauces of ignition and ventilation the area, avoid breathing vapour or mist.

Do not turn lights or unprotected electrical equipment on or off.

Spill : Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite.

Place in closed container outside building and disposal according to local regulation.

Preferably clean with a detergent. Do not use solvents.

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercauses.

If drain, lakes, river, or sewers are contimated, inform the appropriateauthorities in

This coating contains solvents Solvent vanours are heavier than air and may aproad along floor

accordance with local regulations.

Note: see section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

пананну	: This coating contains solvents. Solvent vapours are neavier than air and may spread along noors.
	vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Areas of storage, preparation and application
	should be ventilated to prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour
	in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
In storage	: Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.
	Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that
	fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

In use : Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists.

Observe label precaution. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled.

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

The product may charge electrostatically. Always use earthing leads when pouring solvents and transferring product. Operators should wear clothing which does not generate static and antistatic footwear; floor should be conductive type.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all case. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

the exposure limits

Storage ; Store in accordance with local regulation. Observe label precautions. Store in a cool,

well ventilated area away from incompatible materials and sauce of heat and direct sunlight.

Keep away from; oxidising agent, strong alkalis, strong acids.



Store on concrete or other impervious floor, preferably with bunding to contain any spillage. Storage

Do not stack more than 3 pallets high.

Keep container tightly closed. Container that have been opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Prevent unauthorised access.

This is highly flammable liquid. Refer to the requirements of local regulations for the storage

and handling regulations petaining to this material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Provide adequate ventilation. Where resonably practicable, this should be achived by the use of Engineering measures

> local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the occupational exposure limits (OEL)

suitable respirator must be worn.

Exposure Limits

Exposure standards are those provided by the ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygenists).

Occupational exposure limits

<u>Material</u>	STEL-15 min.ave	Long term-TWA-8hr
2-methylpropan-1-ol	231 mg/m ³	154 mg/m ³
Phosphoric acid	2 mg/m ³	1 mg/m^3

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory Protection Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-respirator complying with an approved standard if a

> risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

When concentrations exceed the exposure limits shown above, worker must wear appropriate

respirators. Provision of other control such as exhaust ventilation should be considered

if practical.

Eye Protection Wear safety eyeware, e.g. safety spectacles, goggle or visors to protect against the splash of

liquids. Eyeware should comply with an approved standard.

Wear a full face shield if mixing or pouring operations pose a risk of splashes.

An eyewash station is suggested as a good work place practice.

Hands Protection Gloves of an appropriate material should worn during mixing and application.

For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: gloves; nitrile.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied

once exposure has occurred.

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration,

seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Skin Protection Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should worn. Skinshould not be exposed.

> Barrier creams may help to protect areas which are difficult to cover such as face and neck. They should howerve not be applied once ecposure has occurred. Petroleum jelly based types

Such as vaseline should not be used. All part of the body should be washed after contact.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: () Solid (x) Liquid	Odour : Smell of solvent	Density : 0.80 g/cm ³
() Paste () Powder	Colour : Clear F	Clash point: 15 °C (Closed cup)
Solubility: Insoluble in water	Explosion limits: LEL% 1.8	UEL% 12
Vapour pressure : 4300 Pa, 20 °C Autoignition temperature : 350 °C		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 8). When exposed to high teemperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxide of nitrogen ans smkoe.

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strong acid materials in order to avoid possible exothermic reactions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There are no data available on the product itself.

Exposure to solvent vapour concentration from the component solvents in excess of the state occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous and membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, downsiness andin extream cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eye may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversibledamage.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Material name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Intoxication	Acute LC50 1439000 to	Daphnia-Water flea-	48 hours.

1933000 ug/L Fresh water Daphnia magna.

Mortality Actute LC50 133000 to Fish-Rainbow 96 hours.

152000 um/L Fresh water trout,donaldson-trout-

Oncorhynchus mykiss



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Do not allow into drain or watercourses. Material and/or container must e disposed of as hazardous water.

European waste catalogue

(EWC)

 $: \ 08\ 01\ 11\ waste\ paint\ and\ varnish\ containing\ organic\ solvents\ or\ other\ dangerous\ substances.$

If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply.

If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assinged. For further information,

contact your local waste authority.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

International transport regulations

Proper shipping name : Corrosive liquid, Flammable, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, 2-methylpropan-1-ol)

 UN number
 : 2920

 Class
 : 8

 Sub Risk
 : 3

 Packing group
 : II

Label :



Additional information

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number : 83

IMDG : Emergency schedules (EmS) : F-E, <u>S-C</u>

Marine pollutant : No

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU regulation : This product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with the Directive 1999/45/EC as follows:

Hazard symbol :



Corrosive

Risk phrases : R10 Flammable

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R67 Vapours mau cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases : S23 Do not breathe vapour / spray

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and

seek medical advice.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label where possible)

S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Contain : Phosphoric acid

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of

workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provision of the national health and

safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.



16. OTHER INFORMATION

CEPE Classification :

Full text of R-pharses

R10 Flammabl Highly flammable.

 $R37/38\$ Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R67 Vapours mau cause drowsiness and dizziness.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to EU Directive 91/155/EEC and its amendments.

The information on this safety data sheet is based upon the present state of our knowledge and on current law.

The product should not be used for purposes other than shown in the product data sheet without first obtaining written advice.

It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to meet the demands of applicable legislation.

The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is required according to legislation.